



Nearly Seventy-five Years

Miller's "Service and Quality"—Your Assurance of Satisfaction



The Milton Nursery Co. was established at the present location by A. Miller in 1878, and since then has been continuously owned and managed by members of the Miller family. It has the distinction of being one of the oldest and largest nurseries in the Pacific Northwest with continuous ownership by one family at the same location.

Aaron Miller, founder of the firm, served as president until 1925. His three sons have consecutively held the same office: Samuel A. until 1932; George W. until his retirement 1949; C. Bert now president and general manager. All three had held other executive offices in the firm. Evert S., son of Samuel A., is vice president.

HOW TO ORDER AND OTHER HELPFUL INFORMATION

Special Notice—Change of Address

From the time of the establishment of our firm in 1878 and until recently our address has been Milton, Oregon. Recently Milton and the adjacent town of Freewater consolidated under one corporate name and post office of Milton-Freewater, Oregon. Therefore address all mail and make all remittances to:

Milton Nursery Co., Milton-Freewater, Oregon

OUR STOCKS are grown at Milton-Freewater, Oregon, in well drained loamy soil which produces a bright, clean, and fibrous root system Our own irrigation systems supply ample moisture to be applied in quantities and at times required for various kinds of nursery stocks. Controlled irrigation, cultivation, and ample sunshine, enable us to obtain desired growth, and proper maturity at digging time. For nearly SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS this has been our proven and successful method of producing Quality Nursery Stock.

SHIPPING SEASON. Fall—October 20th through November; spring—February 15th to April 15th. Our weather permitting and to localities of mild climate we can ship during December and January.

TERMS. Cash is required with all orders. Remittances may be made by Personal Checks, Postal or Express Money Orders or Bank Draft. Make all remittances payable to **Milton Nursery Co., Milton-Freewater, Oregon.**

Our prices are F. O. B. Milton-Freewater, Oregon, and subject to change without notice. Parcel Post shipments are necessarily prepaid by us, therefore, we will send a statement and we shall appreciate prompt reimbursement to us.

OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee all our nursery stocks as represented in our catalog, of grade standards established by the American Association of Nurserymen; of first class quality, free from insect infestation, disease and true-to-name.

We use every human precaution to prevent errors, but should any occur, we shall gladly entertain a complaint, and replace all untrue-to-name or undesirable stocks, free of charge or refund the purchase price. In no way will we be responsible for a greater amount than the original purchase price.

We further guarantee our nursery stock's arrival to customer in good, live growing condition. If any stocks fail to grow and the fact is reported to us not later than August 1st, the same season planted, we will replace free of charge the following fall or spring.

Certificate of Inspection

All stocks in our nursery are inspected annually by authorized inspectors of the Oregon State Department of Horticulture and a copy of their certificate of approval is attached to each of our shipments.

We greatly appreciate the attention and cooperation received, for so many years, from the Oregon State College and the State Department of Horticulture to assist us in maintaining our ability to produce and deliver Healthy, True-to-Name Nursery Stock. We are proud of our successful results.

Claims and Replacements

On receipt of the shipment of nursery stock, examine it carefully, and if there is any apparent damage, get a signed statement of the full condition from the transportation agent or postmaster and send it to us at once. That will assist us in making a claim. We will either replace the shipment free of charge, or refund the purchase price to you. Reports must be received by us not more than 5 days after the goods arrive.

Substitutions. We reserve the right, in case we are out of any variety ordered, to substitute another variety of equal merit. The substituted variety will always be correctly labelled. If the customer specifies "No substitution" we will fill the order as completely as possible, as ordered, and refund the balance.

Planting Instructions are sent with each shipment of our nursery stock, telling you just how to plant, prune and care for your trees and plants. You will find these within an envelope tag on the outside of your bale or box.

Usual Planting Distances

(Depending on fertility of soil and moisture supply).

Almonds, Apricots, Filberts, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, Prunes and Sour Cherries. $20\ {\rm to}\ 22\ {\rm feet}.$

Pears, 25 to 28 feet.

Apples and Sweet Cherries. 30 to 40 feet.

Small Fruits

Asparagus. 11/2 feet in row, 3 to 31/2 feet between rows.

Currants and Gooseberries. $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in row; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet between rows.

Blackberries and Raspberries. 3 feet in row; 6 feet between rows.

Boysenberry, Dewberry and Grapes. 5 to 6 feet in row; 6 feet between rows.

Rhubarb. 2 feet in row; 2½ to 3 feet between rows.

Strawberries. 15 inches in row; 21/2 to 3 feet between rows.

Plants or Trees Per Acre

Rule. Divide 43,560 (the number of square feet in an acre) by the number of square feet for each plant. The result is the number required for an acre. Example: Trees planted 20 feet apart each way equals 400 square feet; 43,560 divided by 400 equals number of trees per acre.

If trees are planted on the Triangular system, 15 per cent more than for the Square system will be required.

Bing ("The Most Popular Cherry")

In large commercial plantings, for more prolific fruiting, Bing, Lambert and Royal Ann require pollenizers. Varieties marked (*) are recommended in proportions of one to 8 or 10. For small home orchards pollenizers are not necessary or advised.



CHERRIES

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Sweet Varieties

Bing. Flesh very solid, flavor of the highest quality; tree thrifty, hardy and productive; a fine shipping and market variety. First of July.

*Black Republican. Fruit large, very dark color when ripe; very rich and solid. Middle of July. A popular pollenizer.

*Black Tartarian. Very large, purplish black, half tender; flavor mild and pleasant. Tree vigorous, erect and beautiful grower, an immense bearer. Ripe last of June and beginning of July. Extensively used as a pollenizer.

*Deacon. Similar to Black Tartarian in color and size, but superior in texture and shipping qualities. One of the most satisfactory for pollenizing.

Lambert. Size very large; form roundish, heart-shaped; skin dark purplish red; flesh dark purplish red, meaty and of fine texture; semi-cling, small seed for so large a fruit; flavor sweet or very mild sub-acid, aromatic, rich.

Royal Ann (Napoleon). Fruit large; very dark golden or tinted red colored skin when ripening in bright sunlight; very rich and solid, and an excellent keeper. Middle of July.



*Centennial. Very much like Royal Ann in shape and color; as large, sweet and equally good in every way. Ripens a few days later. Extensively used as pollenizer for Bing, Lambert and Royal Ann.

Tart "Pie" Varieties

May Duke. Medium size, dark red, melting, rich and juicy, sub-acid and sweetest of all tart varieties. First of June.

Large Montmorency. Tree very hardy and immense bearer, fruiting when young; fruit large, fine flavor, shining red, valuable everywhere, especially in coast sections where it is planted for commercial canning purposes. One of the finest pie Cherries.



APPLE TREES

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Summer Varieties

Lodi. Similar to Yellow Transparent in appearance and ripening season, but it is considered by some to be a stronger growing tree, and a regular producer.

Red June. Always a favorite dessert variety. Skin attractive red; flesh juicy, somewhat tart flavored. Hardy and productive. July and early August.

Yellow Transparent. Earliest summer Apple; always in demand for sauce or pies. Skin golden yellow; flesh white, fine grained, juicy, crisp, tender and sub-acid.

Autumn Varieties

Gravenstein. An old-time favorite cooking Apple in any form, especially fine for pies, crisp and juicy. Hardy and bears young. September to October.

Red Gravenstein. Has all the excellent qualities of the other variety of Gravenstein, plus a very attractive red skin.

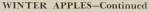
Winter Varieties

Jonathan. Bright red skin; flesh fine grained, tender, juicy and rich flavor. Excellent for cooking or market. Trees hardy and productive. December to February.

McIntosh Red. Valuable for eating fresh, cooking or market. Skin dark red; flesh snowy white, juicy and refreshing. Adapted for high altitude or all conditions.

Miller's Ruby Red Rome. This wonderful red Apple was originated by our firm and is recognized as one of the best cooking or commercial varieties. Tree bears young and is very productive. Has all the qualities of the old Rome plus the extreme high color, producing almost one hundred per cent extra fancy grade. This was originally called Black Rome Beauty and later renamed as above.

Red Delicious. From the fifty-three different bud sports of the Delicious Apple, we, as the large majority of commercial planters and home consumers, have selected this as the superior Red Delicious of all. It has solid, brilliant red skin and its yellowish flesh is tender, firm, juicy and of most pleasant, rich flavor. Good keeper. November to March. Trees make thrifty growth and bear young.



Yellow Delicious

Wagner. A bright red Apple of excellent quality. Especially adapted to high altitudes and matures well. Very productive and a good keeper. October to late January.

Winesap. One of the standard commercial varieties due to its excellent keeping qualities. Dark red skin; juicy, sub-acid flavored flesh. December to May or later.

Yellow Delicious. An Apple of unusually fine flavor and rich golden skin. In fact, it is all the name implies. One of the finest all-around cooking and dessert varieties grown. Splendid keeper and always remains juicy and crisp. November to May.

Yellow Newtown Pippin. This stands as high as any Apple for a market and cooking variety. One of the best keepers known. Flesh rich, juicy and crisp. January to June.

CRAB APPLES

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Transcendent. A handsome Crab Apple for dessert or preserving. Early autumn.

Whitney No. 20. One of the largest Crab Apples; glossy green, splashed with carmine; juicy and pleasant flavor. The best cider variety for jelly. August.



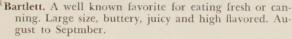
Miller's Ruby Red Rome

PEARS

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

The Famous New Red Bartlett Pear

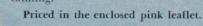
The quality, shape, and size of this new fruit is identical to that of the popular Bartlett, which has long been the favorite home and commercial canning Pear. The new Red Bartlett has about 10% more sugar content than the regular Bartlett. The color is cherry-red after the time in storage required to ripen for eating fresh or

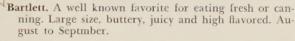


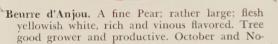
Flemish Beauty. Large fruit; pale yellow, becoming reddish brown at maturity on the sunny side. Flesh yellowish white and juicy. Excellent for canning. Late

Seckel. Often called the Sugar Pear due to the rich sweet flavor. Small size, juicy and melting. One of the finest for spiced pickles, nothing better for that purpose. October.

Winter Nelis. Tree hardy and thrifty. A delicious winter Pear of medium size; flesh yellowish white; very juicy when ripe. One of the very finest for eating fresh. December to February.







Doyenne du Comice. Skin rich yellow at maturity, often lightly shaded with crimson. Flesh white, fine grained and melting, sweet and rich. Very good. October to November.



Wenatchee Moorpark-2/3 Actual Size

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet

Bartlett.

APRICOTS

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Chinese. This is a comparatively new Apricot; is well established for home use, commercial shipping and canning, and also for its hardiness. The fruit is large size, firm, fine grained texture, exceptionally sweet flavor and retains its rich Apricot color when canned.

Perfection. An exceedingly large size Apricot, good flavor, sweet and juicy. Trees bear abundantly at an early age.

Tilton. Very large size, rich apricot-yellow with flavor of the highest quality. Trees very productive. August.

Wenatchee Moorpark. One of the largest size Apricots, about 21/4 inches in diameter. Flesh firm, juicy and parting from the pit, pleasant sweet flavor. One of the very best canning and commercial varieties. August.



Seckel or "Sugar Pear



Hale-Haven

Hale-Haven. Introduced by the Michigan Experiment Station. A cross of the South Haven and J. H. Hale. Has the prolific bearing quality of the former and the unexcelled shipping quality of the Hale. Freestone, strong grower, very hardy and heavy bearer with fine flavor. Ripens ten days earlier than Elberta. You cannot make a mistake by planting this grand variety for home use or market.

Slappey. Fruit is rich, yellow colored flesh and skin, and excellent flavor; very fine for canning or fresh table Peach. Ripens about ten days before Elberta.



PEACHES

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet,

The varieties of Peaches are listed in the approximate order they ripen.

Hale's Early. One of the very best early white Peaches. Skin greenish, splashed with red. Flesh white, juicy and sweet.

Redhaven. A new Peach and the earliest yellow freestone, ripening seven to ten days before Golden Jubilee. The golden yellow flesh is firm, fine grained and richly flavored. It colors early before ripening with a brilliant red and yellow background. Hardy and prolific fruiting.

Golden Jubilee. One of the finest newly introduced Peaches. Large size, golden yellow, juicy, firm flesh. Yellow skin with red cheek. Ripens three to four weeks before Elberta.

Rochester. Early midseason; good size, yellow freestone. Very fine quality, sweet and juicy. Very popular for market. Trees hardy and prolific. Ripens three weeks before Elberta.



J. H. Hale. Well known for its solid, juicy, sweet flesh of excellent shipping quality. Large size, round-shaped, attractive golden color and considered one of the best commercial Peaches. Ripens three days to a week before Elberta.

Improved Early Elberta. This Peach is the "Queen" of all canning Peaches. Fruit is a beautiful golden yellow, blending to deep pink on the sunny side; a strong protecting skin; heavy bearer and a wonderful pollenizer for the J. H. Hale. Ripens about two weeks earlier than Elberta.

Elberta. Very large; skin golden yellow where exposed to the sun. Flesh yellow, juicy and well flavored; frees from the pit. One of the fine market varieties. September.

Lemon Cling. Well known for its fine canning quality. Large size, golden skin and flesh; very firm. September.

Orange Cling. One of the very highest quality of the cling Peaches. Fruit large, rich yellow, juicy, sweet flesh; tree heavy bearer and hardy. Late September.

Salway. A large English Peach with deep yellow flesh; juicy, melting and rich. One of the latest ripening Peaches and a good market variety.

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PRUNES

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Date Prune. Also sometimes called Coates 1418 or Improved French Prune. This variety is sweeter and larger than the regular French Prune; very fine grained and excellent for drying for those who favor a sweet dried Prune. Skin reddish purple.

Sugar. A very large Prune with dark purple skin; rich yellow, juicy and very sweet flavor-

ed flesh. Ripens early.

Weatherspoon. Well known commercially as the Early Italian. It is a seedling of the old Italian and introduced to the trade by us several years ago. Fruit very similar in shape and color but is larger in size and sweeter; and matures seven to ten days earlier than Italian. Keeping and shipping quality surpasses any other Prune. Trees very hardy and practically immune to red spider or other insect pests. We recommend planting 8 to 10 per cent Italian for pollenization to increase fruiting.



Peach Plum

Fruit large size, and ripens early; skin rich red; flesh amber-yellow, rich, juicy and extremely pleasant flavor. One of the finest Plums for eating fresh or cooked. Middle of July.

PLUMS

For Prices See Enclosed Pink Leaflet.

Blue Damson. Small fruit; skin dark purple, covered with blue bloom; sweet and rich flavored; used much for preserves.

Duarte. A Japanese variety; however, hardier than most of that type of Plum. Blood-red flesh; small pit; rich flavor and juicy; unsurpassed for preserves or jelly.

President. (European.) The latest commercial shipping variety, popular and profitable, with increasing favor with planters. The fruit is large, roundish, purplish red in color. The flesh is golden yellow and fine texture. It is an excellent shipper.



For Prices see Enclosed Leaflet

fruit is large size, dark purple skin,

rich amber color and firm flesh with pleasing tart-sweet flavor. Trees are

very prolific. August to September.

NECTARINES

Prices same as Plums and Prunes.

Boston. Medium size fruit; deep yellow skin with bright blush and deep mottlings of red; flesh yellow without any red at the stone; sweet. Freestone.

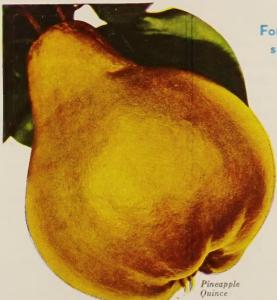
Stanwick. Extremely large fruit, skin pale green, shaded purplish red; flesh white and juicy, with a most delicious flavor.

OUINCES

Prices of Quince Trees:

4 to 5 ft., \$1.75 each. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each.

Pineapple, Suggestive of the Pineapple. Makes a superior jelly. May be eaten raw or cooks tender quickly. A most delicious flavor.





Indian Summer

(Two-Crop Everbearing)

The Best Everbearing Red Raspberry

The huge berries of Indian Summer will make your garden the envy of the neighborhood. Large and juicy with a rich Raspberry flavor, they are a special treat eaten fresh or frozen. The only everbearing Raspberry that keeps its color when canned makes it popular with the housewife. Once you have tasted Indian Summer you will always want it.

Indian Summer grows vigorously, yields heavily and requires little care.

BERRY PRICES

Berry Prices for all berries listed on these two pages 8 and 9, except Sodus Purple Raspberry and Thornless Boysenberry, as noted below.

Strong, No. 1 plants, 40c each; \$4.25 for 12; \$20.00 for 100.

Sodus Purple Raspberry: Strong, No. 1 plants, 65c each; \$6.85 for 12; \$12.75

Thornless Boysenberry: Strong, No. 1 plants, 50c each; \$5.35 for 12; \$25.00 for

Write for special commercial prices on 500 or more plants.

Cumberland Raspberr

For making comparison of prices remember we supply only strong, No. 1, transplanted plants. They will make more rapid growth and bear sooner than small inferior plants. It pays to buy the best.





DEWBERRY

Lucretia. Ripens ten days earlier than Blackberries. Produces large quantities of fruit and has ready sale on the market. Fine for home use, either fresh or canned. Berries very large, jet-black, sweet and juicy.

BLACK RASPBERRY

Cumberland. The largest of all Blackcaps and best for mid-season crops, for either home or market. Berries are large, attractive, firm and of the highest quality; rich, sweet and produced in abundance. Bush is hardy and vigorous grower. This wonderful variety should always be included in the list.

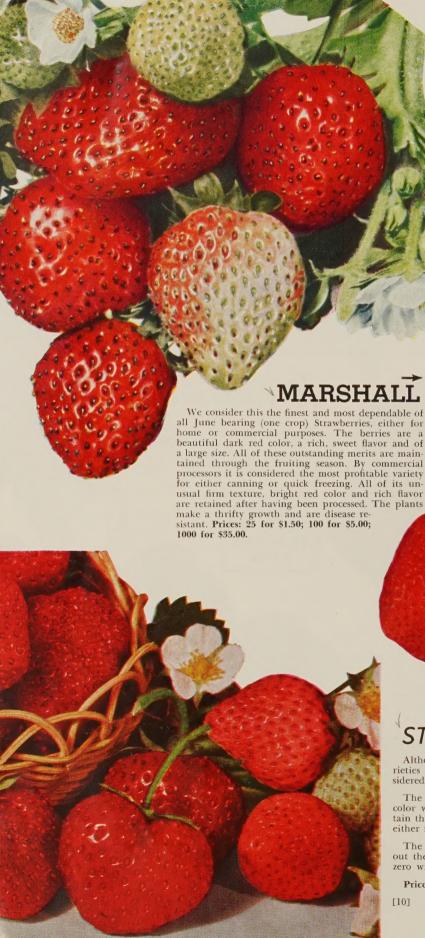
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MILTON NURSERY COMPANY,

Lucretia

Dewberry





STRAWBERRIES

← UTAH (20th CENTURY)

Everbearing

The Utah Everbearing Strawberry, also known by the name 20th Century, is one of the newest everbearing varieties.

The berries are extra large, dark red, firm, sweet and with a superb Strawberry flavor. All of these fine qualities, not always true of everbearing varieties, are retained even after having been "quick-freeze" processed.

The plants, with a heavy, dark green foliage, make a desirable erect growth which hold the berries well up off the ground.

25 plants for \$2.00; 100 for \$7.00; 500 for \$25.00.

Enjoy Pleasure and Satisfaction

of picking and eating fresh, luscious, vine-ripened Strawberries From Your Own Garden.

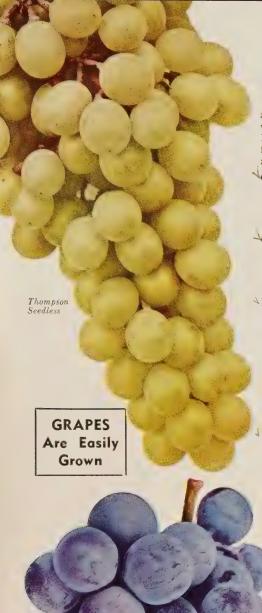
STREAMLINER — Everbearing

Although the Streamliner is one of the newest everbearing varieties its outstanding qualities are well established and it is considered as one of the best Everbearing Strawberries.

The berries of the Streamliner are large, firm and bright red color with a pleasing, sweet and true Strawberry flavor. They retain their unusually fine firm texture, bright red color and flavor if either frozen or canned.

The plants make a thrifty growth and bear prolifically throughout the fruiting season until frost and are perfectly hardy for subzero winters.

Prices: 25 for \$1.75; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$45.00.



Fredonia

GRAPES

American Varieties

The American varieties of Grapes are very hardy and need no special winter protection in most localities. Especially suitable for covering fences or arbors; splendid for juices and jellies, as well as eaten fresh.

Caco. The new red Grape. Of exceptional merit. Earlier than Concord. Wine-red, compact bunch, good size, hardy, thrifty grower. Good arbor variety.

Concord. The old, unsurpassed "slipskin" variety, too well known to need a recommendation. Succeeds everywhere Grapes grow. Good arbor variety.

Fredonia. This new blueblack Grape was originated and thoroughly tested by the New York Experiment Station. Ripens 15 days before Concord. Very large berries on compact bunches; spicy, sweet flavor and fragrant. Vines are hardy, thrifty, and heavy producers.

Golden Muscat. Our choicest golden amber-white Grape for your fancy desserts and wines. Large, somewhat oblong berries in large, compact bunches. Rich, sweet, mellow, aromatic Muscat flavor. Wonderful keeper, shipper and producer. Ripens late. Do not confuse this variety with the Muscat of Alexander.

European Varieties

Distinguished by the solid, firm, crisp Grape, with skin adhering to pulp. Not as hardy as the American varieties, needing some protection in colder sections.

Black Prince (Rose of Peru). Very large, oval, firm, crackling flesh.

Muscat of Alexander. Large, long, somewhat loose bunch; Grape elongated, slightly oval, amber color when ripe; flesh firm and brittle, sweet, rich, sugary. Used largely for raisins. September.

Thompson Seedless. The best known seedless Grape; widely planted for raisins, market and home fruit as well. Large bunch of medium size, amber-yellow Grapes, sweet and mild.

Tokay. Very large bunch and Grape, thick skin, pale red covered with bloom; firm, sweet flesh. An old standard table variety. October.

PRICES

Strong, 2-yr., No. 1 Plants

Any variety or combination of varieties. 75c each; \$6.50 for 10; \$12.50 for 25; \$35.00 for 100.

Write for special prices on larger quantities.

Red Lake Currant

CURRANT

Red Lake. One of the newer Currants originated recently by the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. The plants are prolific, vigorous and resistant to mildew; fruit bright currant-red. Prices: Heavy, No. 1 plants, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10; \$8.75 for 25; \$30.00 for 100.

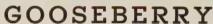
RHUBARB

MacDonald. New Red Rhubarb. Considered the finest of all Rhubarb. A heavy producer. Giant size stalks, 18 to 24 inches long, two to three times larger than the common Rhubarb; sweeter and more tender. Its red skin and white flesh makes the finest looking and best tasting Rhubarb sauce and pie you ever ate. Prices: Strong plants, 50c each; \$1.35 for 3; \$4.00 for 10; \$8.75 for 25.



ASPARAGUS

Mary Washington. Rust resistant. The shoots are large, very vigorous, straight and of superb quality. Dark green. The best variety for both the home gardener and commercial grower. Prices: 2-yr., No. 1 plants, 75c for 10; \$1.50 for 25; \$5.00 for 100; \$35.00 for 1000.



**Oregon Champion. A proven variety and favored for its merits. The berries are medium to large size, round, smooth, greenish white with thin transparent skin; good quality and early. The plants are vigorous and free from mildew. Prices: Strong, 2-yr. plants, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10; \$8.75 for 25; \$30.00 per 100.

NUT TREES

ALMOND

I. X. L. Standard commercial variety. Hulls easily. Nuts are large and symmetrical. Shell soft, smooth, kernel large and well filled, tree a strong grower.

4-6 ft., \$1.75 each; \$15.00 for 10.

CHESTNUT

American Sweet. Forms a low, round-topped head of slightly pendulous branches. Nuts are sweet and agreeable in flavor, the best among the Chestnuts.

4-6 ft., \$2.00 each; \$17.50 for 10.

FILBERTS

*Barcelona. Most widely planted commercial variety. A large, round nut, rich in flavor, kernel uniform in size, clean of pellicle and very prolific when pollenized with about 15 per cent DuChilly. Tree a strong upright grower.

➤ DuChilly. A large, long nut, finest of quality demanding a premium over Barcelona, often used as a main commercial crop. It is self-fertile, therefore needs no pollenizer when planted by itself.

Either variety, transplanted trees: 4.5 ft., \$1.75 each; \$16.00 for 10. 3-4 ft., \$1.50 each; \$13.50 for 10.

Note: Write for commercial prices on larger quantities.

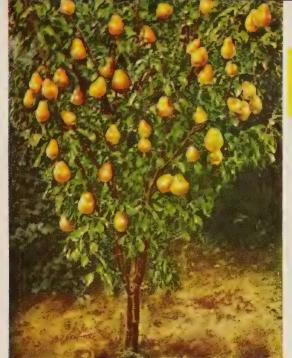
WALNUT

Franquette English Walnut. This is the best and most satisfactory variety for the Pacific Northwest. It is a good bearer, thrifty grower, and reasonably hardy in most localities.

Grafted trees, 6-8 ft., \$5.00 each; \$45.00 for 10, 4-6 ft., \$4.00 each; \$35.00 for 10.

Note: Write for commercial prices on larger quantities.





Dwarf Bartlett Pear

Dwarf Fruit Trees

Take little space to produce Big Delicious Fruit

Dwarf Apple trees are the solution for persons having a limited space for fruit trees but wishing the benefit and pleasure of picking fruits grown at home.

Our Dwarf Apple trees are budded on "Malling IX" dwarfing Apple roots, the only understock to produce a True Full Dwarf Apple Tree. The Apples are the same size and quality in the respective varieties (see page 4) as on the regular or standard type trees. The trees may be planted 12 feet apart each way.

We offer the following splendid, popular varieties, with varied fruiting seasons: Red Delicious, Red Jonathan, Yellow Delicious and Yellow Transparent. See descriptions on page 4.

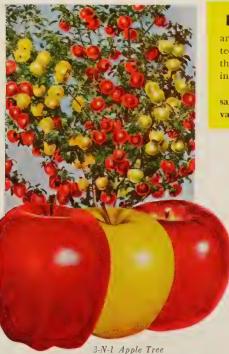
Well branched, specimen trees, \$3.00 each; 4 trees (1 of each variety) all for \$11.00.

Just the thing for Small Gardens and where space is limited.

* Dwarf Bartlett Pear trees are budded on Angers Quince roots. This is the only known way to horticulturists to successfully grow Dwarf Pear trees. The fruits borne on Dwarf Fruit Trees are identical in size and quality to the respective varieties of standard type of trees.

We offer only the two Bartlett varieties of Dwarf Pear trees for they are the best and most favorite of Pears for eating fresh and canning. They also bear younger than most of varieties, and are very prolific and hardy. See descriptions of both on page 5. Most all Dwarf Pear trees bear the second year after planted. Bartlett Dwarf Pear trees may be planted 10 feet apart each way.

Red Bartlett. Well branched, specimen trees, \$3.50 each. Regular Bartlett. Well branched, specimen trees, \$3.00 each.



Dwarf and 3-N-1 Trees

are recommended by landscape architects, for they not only provide fruits, they add beauty to landscape plantings.

We reserve the privilege, if necessary, to substitute combinations of varieties on 3-N-1 Fruit Trees.



Dwarf Red Delicious

3-N-1 Fruit Trees

(3 Different Varieties All On 1 Tree)

A Revelation in Fruit Tree Performance. This is not a worthless novelty but is a practical introduction. We have budded 3 distinct varieties on one fruit tree and it will definitely produce those respective varieties.

3-N-1 Fruit Trees give you the results of three trees in the space of one; also will lengthen the fruiting season. You will have the pleasure of watching each variety ripen at the various intervals throughout the season.

Plant 3-N-1 Apple trees 25 feet apart each way; Cherry, Pear, Plum and Prune trees 20 feet apart.

Well branched specimen trees, \$4.00 each; one each of all four kinds, \$14.00.

Three varieties on one tree: Red Delicious, Yellow Delicious and Red McIntosh.

3-N-1 Cherry Tree

Three varieties on one tree: Bing, Black Tartarian and Royal Ann. The Black Tartarian will pollenize the other two.

♦ 3-N-1 PEAR TREE

Three varieties on one tree: Anjou, Bartlett and Comice.

3-N-1 Plum and Prune Tree

Three varieties on one tree: Italian Prune. Peach and Yellow Egg Plums.

Full descriptions of these varieties are found on pages 3, 4, 5, and 7.





"Gold Medal Winners", 1 each: 8 All-America (these 2 pages) 1 Helen Traubel (front cover) . \$16.00 2.75 \$18.75 Full Value All 9 ROSES Only \$16.85

Just write "Gold Medal Winners" on your order and remit \$16.85.

Or any of these Roses may be ordered at the price listed for each variety.

> **All Rose Plants** Are Strong 2-Year, No. 1. Will Bloom First Year Planted.

> > NOCTURNE. (Pat. No. 713.) Large pointed buds open to semi-double blooms of cardinal-red shading to deeper crimson. Strong fragrance. \$1.75 each.

MISSION BELLS. (Fat. 30.923.) Buds a beautiful deep salmon-pink opening to a clear shrimp-pink. Large flowers generally on stems make the MISSION BELLS. (Pat. No. ally borne singly on stems make this a very desirable Rose. \$2.25 each.

[15]

SUTTER'S GOLD. (Pat. No. 885.) The only Rose to win both the Bagatelle Gold Medal and the All-America Award for 1950. Beautiful golden buds overlaid with orange and red open to spectacular flowers with more fragrance than any other yellow Rose. \$2.25 each.

CHARLOTTE ARM-STRONG. (Pat. No. 455.) "All-America Selections for 1941. Stream-lined buds of spectrum-red open to full blooms of rich cerise. Flow-ers cerise in hot weather and spectrum-red in cool weather. A wonderful free-blooming garden Rose. \$2.00 each.







Paul's Scarlet Climber

Colorful Gree Blooming

Climbing Roses

Strong, 2-year-old, No. 1 plants, \$1.50 each.

Climbing Roses produce an abundance of flowers almost all throughout the summer. They are especially attractive planted on a trellis or fence.

We offer below six of the leading varieties of Climbers, in a good selection of colors; divided into two types of bloom-

Cluster Blooming Varieties

Blaze. (Pat. No. 10.) Blooms early, followed by repeat blooms until frost. Numerous, large flowers are borne in clusters on long sturdy canes. The color is a brilliant scarlet and does not fade readily after the blooms open. Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. (Spanish Beauty). A very thrifty climber with enormous flowers of

pearl-pink splashed crimson; remarkable for its

broad frilled petals and profuse blooming.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. One of the most popular of all red climbing Roses. Vivid scarlet flowers of large size, produced in clusters of 3 to 20 on long, strong stems.

Hybrid Tea Climbers

The blooms of Climbing Hybrid Tea Roses are identical to the bush type in color, form and blooming habits in each respective variety. Climbing Etoile de Hollande. One of the most popular brilliant crimson-red Roses, with a velocity of the property of the popular brilliant crimson-red Roses, with a velocity of the property of the pro

vety sheen when open. It has all the merits of a perfect Rose.

Climbing Mrs. E. P. Thom. This Rose is famous for its rich sunflower-yellow color with long, pointed buds opening into large, double blossoms; delightfully fragrant. Strong grower and prolific bloomer.

Climbing Talisman. One of the most popular Roses. A color combination of orange, yellow, rose-red and scarlet on a background of rich old gold.



Mme. Gregoire Staechelin (Spanish Beauty)

How To Grow Roses Successfully

Rose bed should be in a sunny location and the soil should be of good garden grade and well drained.

Unpack and plant Roses as soon as received from the nursery if at all possible. If you cannot plant at once, unwrap the plants and heel them in the ground until ready to set in their permanent places. Never throw package into the basement or garage and leave for several days and then expect to find plants in

perfect condition when unwrapped.

In planting, set the plants with the bud, or joint, just above the roots, about 1½ inches below the surface of the soil. Have holes large enough to avoid crowding of the roots and be sure soil used for filling in is finely pulverized. Tramp soil firmly a couple of times as the hole is filled and leave a slight

depression around each plant to retain water.

As soon as planting is completed thoroughly soak with water. Cut back all

canes to 4 or 5 inches at planting. This is very important.

If some plants appear dead and refuse to leaf out within a reasonable length of time after planting, try covering them with a piece of wet burlap. Soak the burlap with water two or three times daily and leave over the plant for several This will make most of them start leafing very soon. Some varieties seem

to be slower than others in starting.

Keep well watered at all times. A reasonable application of fertilizer applied twice during the summer months, with an interval of at least 30 days between applications, will induce added growth and extra quality in blooms.

Allow 18 to 24 inches between plants when figuring the number of plants needed for a bed.

Each succeeding spring all canes should be cut back to the 6- or 8-inch height. This causes strong new growth and abundant bloom.

For winter protection in cold climates, hill the dirt up around each plant 8 to

12 inches in late fall. Level off when danger of hard freezes is over in spring and cut plants back as directed above.



Planted



Planted wrong. Not deep enough



Planted wrong. Too deep



Floribunda Roses planted along walks or in beds produce a mass of beautiful flowers throughout the season. For best effects plant them 14 inches apart.

Other popular varieties of Floribunda Roses are described and priced on the back cover.



Cutleaf Weeping Birch

Flowering Crabapple (Malus)

Bechtel's. The finest of the medium growing Flowering Crabs. The blossoms are very double, delicate pink, in profusion. Hardy. 10 to 15 feet. 4-5 ft., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$2.00 each.

Hopa. One of the strong growing varieties; purplish tinged leaves; large, single blossoms of a beautiful pink. Attractive dark red fruits in the fall. 20 to 25 feet. 5-6 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$2.50 each.

Bechtel Flowering Crah

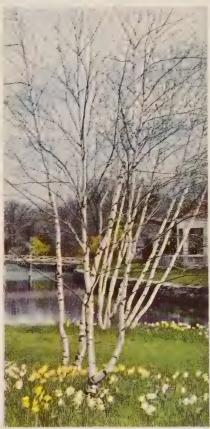


Ornamental and Flowering Trees

BIRCH (Betula)

Cutleaf Weeping Birch (B. alba pendula laciniata). The Queen of all Birches is this unusually graceful, drooping tree; particularly adapted as a lawn specimen or in groups of three trees for outstanding background. The bark is very white. 50 feet at maturity. 6-8 ft., \$4.50; 5-6 ft., \$3.75 each.

European White Birch (Clump Form). This variety is grown in our nursery with three tree-like leaders or stems branched at the ground, giving a naturalistic effect as often seen in the woods. Very distinctive. 30 feet at maturity. 3 distinct stems growing from one root system. 5-6 ft., \$3.75; 4-5 ft., \$3.25 each.



Clump Form Birch

Double Flowering Cherry

The Double Flowering Cherry is one of the most popular ornamental trees. The bright pink, double blossoms appear among the first in the spring and the heavy bronzegreen foliage continues the ornamental effect through the season. They are very desirable for street parkings or single specimens on the lawn. 12 to 15 feet at maturity. 4.5 ft., \$3.25; 3.4 ft., \$2.75 each.



Goldenchain Tree

A very rare tree indeed. In late April and May this upright tree will be loaded with 18-to 24-inch long clusters of Sweet Pealike blossoms, of the brightest yellow. Very ornamental and the tree itself is a beautiful thing even when not in blossom. 6-8 ft., \$3.50 each.

Double Flowering Cherry





Thundercloud Purple Plum

FLOWERING PLUM (Prunus)

*Thundercloud. Foliage is a maroon-purple which deepens as the season advances. In early spring it is covered with light pink, single blossoms. 15 feet. 5-6 ft., \$2.75; 4-5 ft., \$2.25 each.

Triloba. This is the smallest growing of all Ornamental Plums. It is upright, spreading, of bushy form with dark foliage. The branches are entirely covered early in the spring with large, double, bright pink blossoms before the foliage appears. It is one of the most attractive varieties. 5 to 7 feet. 4-5 ft., \$2.25; 3-4 ft., \$1.75; 2-3 ft., \$1.50 each.



LOCUST Robinia

Black Locust (R pseudoacacia). This is a well known hardy, rapid growing Locust. Adapted to heat and dry soils. 60 to 70 feet. 8-10 ft., \$3.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.50; 5-6 ft., \$2.00 each.

Globe or Umbrella Locust (R. umbraculifolia). Attractive globe-shaped top. Light green foliage; does not bloom; very nice for formal effects. Size of top at maturity, 5 to 6 feet in diameter. \$5.00 each.

Pink Flowering Locust (R. hispida). A beautiful ornamental tree with attractive bright pink blossoms. The bark is covered with a soft, prickly formation with the appearance of moss. \$5.00 each.

Plant
Shade Trees
For
Climate Control
They
Keep Your
Home Cooler
In Summer
and Warmer

In Winter

MAGNOLIA

Soulangeana. An aristocrat of flowering shrubs. Deep rose blossoms with creamy white inside, and 3 to 5 inches across. The handsome foliage makes the tree very attractive even after the blooms are gone. 8 to 12 feet at maturity.

Soulangeana nigra. Similar to the above, except it is dark purple on outside and shades of pink inside.

Either variety, 4-5 ft., \$9.50; 3-4 ft., \$7.50 each.

Our plants are strong, grafted specimens and well worth the price.



Norway Maple

MAPLE (Acer)

Norway (A. platanoides). One of the most popular shade trees, having a broad, round top; large dark green foliage. 50 feet. Branched, 8-10 ft., \$4.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.75; 5-6 ft., \$2.75 each. Not branched, 8-9 ft., \$3.00; 7-8 ft., \$2.50; 6-7 ft., \$2.00 each.

Silver (A. dasycarpum). Also commonly known as Soft Maple. One of the fastest growing Maples, with wide spreading branches, does well in all soils. 60 to 70 feet. 8-10 ft., \$3.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.50; 5-6 ft., \$2.00 each.

HAWTHORN (Crataegus)

Paul's Scarlet (C. oxyacantha pauli). This is a very attractive tree in the early spring when covered with a mass of double, brilliant scarlet blossoms and red berries in the fall of the year, 30 feet. See colored illustration. 5-6 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$2.50 each.



Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn



Schwedler Maple

SCHWEDLER MAPLE

Schwedler (A. platanoides Schwedleri). Similar to the Norway Maple except it has attractive purplered foliage in the spring which turns to a rich bronze-red. 40 feet. Branched, 8-10 ft., \$5.50; 6-8 ft., \$4.50; 5-6 ft., \$3.50 each. Not branched, 8-9 ft., \$4.00; 7-8 ft., \$3.00; 6-7 ft., \$2.50 each.

NEW MAPLE, CRIMSON KING

New red leaf, truly the King of all Maple trees. A maroon or red leafed tree which maintains its color throughout the summer. It glistens in the sun. Maturity height 50 ft. Patent No. 735. **Not branched**, 7-8 ft., \$6.50; 6-7 ft., \$5.00; 5-6 ft., \$3.75; 4-5 ft., \$2.75

The Newest of Maple Trees



POPLAR (Populus)

Carolina (P. eugenei). A popular tree where shade is wanted quickly. It thrives in all soils, but is especially suitable for dry conditions. Is of broad spreading form with gray-green bark and bright green, small foliage at maturity.

Lombardy (P. nigra italica). A well known tree of narrow columnar form and rapid growth, with light green, small foliage. Used for quick accent effect or windbreak. 40 to 60 feet at maturity.

All Poplars: 8-10 ft., \$3.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.00 each.



Tamarisk



Lombardy Poplar

TAMARISK (Tamarix)

Pentandra (T. hispida aestivalis). A superior variety; hardy, tallgrowing shrub, with fine feathery foliage. Blooms in July with numerous bright carmine-pink flowers. Thrives in dry locations. 8 to 10 feet at maturity. \$1.75

WILLOW (Salix)

Babylon (S. babylonica). The tallest growing of weeping forms of Willows; splendid for waterside plantings; drooping, long, slender, olive-green branches. 30 to 40 feet at maturity.

Golden Weeping (S. niobe). True weeping type with branches sweeping to the ground; bright golden yellow branches and light yellowish green foliage. 25 to 30 feet at maturity.

Wisconsin (S. blanda). It has a very symmetrical round-shaped form with branches drooping to the ground. Branches and foliage a bright green color. 20 to 25 feet at maturity.

All Willows: 8-10 ft., \$3.75; 6-8 ft., \$3.25 each.





SYCAMORE or PLANE TREE (Platanus)

European Sycamore (Platanus orientalis). A rapid growing shade tree with open, spreading branches; light olive-green bark; leaves six inches across, of a light green color. A very popular tree and planted extensively. 60 to 70 feet. 8-10 ft., \$4.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.75; 5-6 ft., \$2.75 each.

Pink Flowering Peach



DOGWOOD

(Cornus)

The Dogwood group is used for the brilliancy of their bark and berries. The fruit, maturing in the fall, is not alone attractive to the human eye, but to the appetite of the birds as well.

Florida (Flowering Dogwood). A "three season" tree. Spring brings large white flowers before

the leaves; late summer has red berries to attract the birds; and fall the rich scarlet colored foliage. One of the nicest tall growing varieties. 15 to 25 ft. at maturity. 4-5 ft., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 2-3 ft., \$3.00 each.

Florida rubra (Pink Flowering Dogwood). Considered the "aristocrat" among the Dogwood family. Its flowers vary from blush-pink to deep rose, making a lovely sight in May and June, and the fruit in Septem-

ber almost equal in beauty. 15 to 20 feet at maturity. Strong grafted specimens. 4-5 ft., \$7.50; 3-4 ft., \$6.50; 2-3 ft., \$5.00 each.

Flowering Peaches
For an easily and quickly obtained mass of spring color, there is nothing to excel the Flowering Peaches. They will grow with the greatest ease anywhere and never fail to produce a great profusion of bloom. We have both Pink and Red varieties; specify your choice if only one color is desired. 5-6 ft., \$2.50; 4-5 ft., \$2.00 each.

Moraine Locust (Honeylocust)

Plant Patent No. 836

Although the Moraine Locust is the newest shade tree introduction, it has already gained nation-wide popularity. It should not be confused with common Black Locust, for it is of an entirely different species and much super-

THORNLESS-no ugly, dangerous thorns.

SEEDLESS-sterile blossoms, no messy seed pods.

VASE FORM-upright, spreading growth; suitable for city lots but abundant shade which does not interfere with grass under the tree.

RAPID GROWING-large size trees quickly with beautiful, dark green, lacy foliage.

ADAPTABILITY-to all types of soils and perfectly hardy in all climates.

Branched: 8-9 ft., \$12.50; 6-8 ft., \$9.00 each.

Not branched: 8-9 ft., \$9.00; 7-8 ft., \$8.00; 6-7 ft., \$6.00 each.



European Mountain Ash

MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus)

European (S. aucuparia). A medium sized tree bearing large, flat heads of white blossoms in the spring and clusters of brilliant scarlet berries in the autumn, remaining most of the winter. Excellent parking trees or for the lawn. 15 to 20 feet at maturity. 8-10 ft., \$4.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.75; 5-6 ft., \$3.00 each.



The New Moraine Locust



ATTRACTIVE and COMFORTABLE HOMES

Beautiful home surroundings really cost you nothing. Every tree, shrub, and plant adds many times more to the value of your home than it costs.

ALTHEA, Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus)

A free flowering, treelike shrub blooming in August and September after the other shrubs are through. Flowers similar to the Hollyhock and are very showy. 6 to 8 feet at maturity. Choice of Double Violet, Double Red, Double Rose, Double White, Altheas are especially attractive planted in groups of 3 or more in one color or assorted colors. Specify your choice of colors. \$1.35 each.

HONEYSUCKLE BUSH (Lonicera)

Handsome shrubs that combine fragrance, dainty flowers in May and June, showy fall and winter fruits, and good foliage with hardiness. Grow in either sun or shade. Are invaluable for border or mass plantings, and as a sheared, flowering hedge, they make a charming effect.

Pink Tartarian (L. tatarica rosea). Strong, upright grower with bright green foliage and delicate pink blossoms; in late summer produces rich orange and red berries; very suitable for hedges or group plantings. 5 to 7 feet at maturity. Red colored is also available; specify your color choice. \$1.35 each.

Hardy Ornamental and Flowering Shrubs

Prices on All Shrubs (Except for Special Varieties as Indicated) \$1.35 each; \$12.50 for 10

ALL OF OUR SHRUBS ARE 2-YR., FIELD-GROWN, HEAVY ROOTED, BLOOMING SIZE -REAL SHRUB VALUES-



Euonymus Alatus

EUONYMUS

Alatus (Winged Euonymus). A most desirable shrub of densely branched, compact habit with yellowish flowers followed by scarlet fruit. The foliage turns a brilliant red in autumn. 3 to 5 feet at maturity. \$1.75 each.



Althea, Rose of Sharon





Spirea Van Houtte

SPIRAEA

(Spirea)

This family of shrubs furnishes a variety of form, size, foliage and blossoms. All varieties are hardy and adapted to almost any location, always forming an important part in shrub beautification.

Anthony Waterer. This dwarf variety has showy clusters of crimson flowers in July, and if cut as they fade, will continue to bloom until frost. 3 to 4 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.



Thunberg's Spirea



Anthony Waterer Spirca

Van Houtte (S. van Houttei). Indispensable in grouping of shrubbery with its graceful, arching, slender branches and "maidenhair" foliage. A fountain of white in May. Splendid for untrimmed hedges, and may be planted in the shade. 4 to 6 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.

Thunberg's (S. Thunbergi). One of the finest low growing shrubs, with fine, delicate foliage which is light yellowish green, changing to brilliant red and orange in autumn. Very desirable for low, untrimmed hedges or group plantings. Does well in shade or open light. 2 to 3 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.

French Lilacs

FRENCH LILAC (Syringa)

All our Lilacs are grafted French Hybrids which assures you the very best in Lilacs. The varieties we offer are the choicest producing large clusters of the individual double blossoms. All have the pleasing Lilac fragrance. Lilac plants are especially desirable for group arrangements or backgrounds and borders. 5

to 7 feet at maturity. Strong, specimen plants, \$2.75 each; 3 or more \$2.50 each.

All of the following described varieties are shown in the colored illustration.

> Belle de Nancy. Double, large; satiny rose; showing white towards the center. General color effect deep pink. One of the best pinks among the older varieties.

> WHITE Madame Lemoine. Double. One of the best of the double whites; a pure snow-white without tinge of cream. Foliage dark green. Panicles large, long, erect; large individual florets.

President Grevy. Double. Light blue. Immense panicles; very double and symmetrical. A clear, soft, delicate blue—President Grevy is one of the older sorts and still one of the most desirable.

RED President Loubet. Double. Red. One of the very choicest. Medium height plant. Panicles appear rather small just as the florets begin to open but they slowly develop as the florets con-tinue to open until they become an immense size

[24]

WEIGELA (Diervilla)

These shrubs make a strong, upright, spreading growth. The flowers are wide trumpet-shaped, borne in clusters thickly along the branches.

Eva Rathke. One of the most attractive of medium height, with graceful spreading habit; foliage bronze-green; flowers of brilliant crimson. 3 to 5 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.

Floribunda. The everblooming red Weigela Floribunda surpasses all other red-flowering shrubs. Commences blooming early in spring and continues all summer long. Leaves are a rich glossy green and densely cover the branches. A necessity in every border planting. Will reach 5 feet in height. \$1.35 each.



Fragrant Viburnum (Pink Snowball)

SNOWBALL Viburnum

Common Snowball (V. opulus sterile). A large shrub producing large balls of snow-white flowers in May. 6 to 8 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.

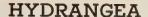
Fragrant Pink Snowball (V. Carlesi). This valuable recent introduction from Korea is a dwarf, compact shrub, bearing delicate pale pink blossoms, tinted white, with cloverscented fragrance. 3 to 4 feet at maturity. Select specimens: 24-30 in., \$5.00; 18-24 in., \$4.00 each.

HYDRANGEA

Arborescens grandiflora (Hills of Snow). Probably the best flowering shrub for shady positions or north side of buildings. It is a compact grower with large, showy leaves and an abundance of double, white blossoms. It has the appearance of a low growing Snowball and is sometimes called the Snowball Hydrangea. 3 to 5 feet at maturity, \$1.35 each.

Hydrangea Arborescens Grandiflora





Paniculata grandiflora (Pee Gee Hydrangea). One of the most popular landscape shrubs. From August until late autumn, these shrubs are loaded with large, globe-shaped blossoms of pure white changing to delicate shades of pink. Best in sunny locations. 4 to 6 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.

BEAUTY BUSH

(Kolkwitzia Amabilis)

Charming hardy shrub introduced from China. Center stems are upright, the outer branches gracefully arching. Very attractive foliage. Blooms profusely in May. Flowers are bell-shaped pale pink with orange veins, and are borne in long clusters along the branches. Does well in shade and grows rapidly. 5 to 6 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.





Butterfly Bush

BUTTERFLY BUSH

(Buddleia, Summer Lilac)

An attractive shrub of spreading pendulous habit of growth; the branches tipped with long spikes of charming blossoms, pleasingly lilac perfumed. June to October. 5 to 6 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.



Colorful SHRUBS for Modern Homes

Add New Sparkle To Your Grounds

DEUTZIA

Few shrubs are of such easy culture and universal satisfaction. Beautiful red, white and soft pink, bell-shaped flowers yield handsome effects in garden or border arrangements. They prefer medium to dry soils and full sun.

Gracilis alba (Slender Deutzia). A graceful dwarf grower; dense, bushy, arching branches wreathed with pure white, Lily-of-the-Valley-shaped blossoms in May Valuable for low hedges. borders or in front of taller shrubs, 2 to 4 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.



Deutzia Cracilis

MOCK ORANGE (Philadelphus)

This well known shrub hardly needs describing. The upright massive growth, and waxy white flowers, with pleasing fragrance, commend it for liberal use. The flowers of some varieties are more double than others.

Virginal (P. virginalis). A comparatively new variety, considered one of the finest Mock Oranges, with extra large, semi-double, pure white flowers, deliciously fragrant, continuing nearly throughout the season. \$1.35 each.

FLOWERING QUINCE

(Cydonia japonica)

Crimson Beauty. A new variety introduced by us. It has dazzling crimson petals with bright golden stamens. This bush-form shrub is 3 to 5 feet at maturity, covered with the brilliant crimson in season. \$1.75 each.



Forsythia (Golden Bell)

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)

Intermedia spectabilis (Showy Border Forsythia). Considered the best of the Forsythias, having larger and richer yellow blossoms, completely covering the spreading branches in early spring. 6 to 8 feet at maturity. \$1.35 each.





MILLER'S Evergreens

Have Beauty and Quality

Add Value to Your Home

Coniferous Evergreens

The Coniferous Evergreens are indispensable in all ornamental plantings. They impart a finish to the landscape whether planted as single specimens on the lawn, or grouped together in mass, or for foundation plantings. The various uses give a living effect in summer and winter.

Everal sex tra

American Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae

Quality Evergreens

Quality as well as price should be considered in buying Evergreens. Ours are always freshly dug with a ball of earth and burlapped (B&B). All have been transplanted several times before ready for sale, which assures better transplanting results.



American Arbor-Vitae (T. occidentalis). The common, upright, flat-leaved Evergreen; commonly used as single specimens, hedges or windbreaks. The form is broad and spreading at the base, tapering to a point. 20 to 30 feet. 5-6 ft., \$8.50; 4-5 ft., \$7.50; 3-4 ft., \$6.00 each.

American Pyramidal Arbor-vitae (T. pyramidalis occidentalis). A compact, narrow columnar form; flat-leaved, dark green foliage. Very attractive and popular variety for accent features, in group or base plantings. Always hardy. 15 to 20 feet at maturity. 5-6 ft., \$8.50; 4-5 ft., \$7.50; 3-4 ft., \$6.00 each.

Bonita Oriental Arbor-vitae (T. occidentalis Bonita). A broad, cone-shaped Arbor-vitae of medium dwarf, compact form with delicate, soft, fernleaved foliage, retaining its rich dark green color throughout the year. It has similar shape and size as Berckmann's Arbor-Vitae as shown by the illustration on this page. 4 to 5 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$6.50; 18-24 in., \$5.50; 15-18 in., \$4.50 each.

Woodward's Globe Arbor-vitae (T. globosa occidentalis Woodwardi). A dwarf Evergreen, with compact, round or globe-shaped form; deep green, flat-leaved foliage. Hardy, 3 to 4 feet diameter, globe at maturity. 18-24 in., \$5.50; 15-18 in., \$4.50 each.



Berckmann's Dwarf Golden Arbor-Vitae

Berckmann's Dwarf Golden Arbor-Vitae (T. aurea nana orientalis). A gem of the dwarf Evergreens; compact, roundish shape, slightly pointed at top; warm golden yellow foliage. Excellent for use in formal gardens and edgings. 3 to 4 feet at maturity. 24:30 in., \$6.50; 18:24 in., \$5.50; 15:18 in., \$4.50 each.



Woodward's Globe Arbor-Vitae

OREGON GRAPE

(Mahonia Aquifolium)

A beautiful semi-evergreen shrub with shiny dark green, Holly-like foliage; bright yellow flowers in May followed by blue berries. 4 to 6 feet at maturity. Dug with roots in a ball of earth. 30-36 in., \$5.00; 24-30 in., \$4.00; 18-24 in., \$3.50 each.



Tamarix Juniper

TAMARIX JUNIPER

(J. Sabina Tamariscifolia)
One of the most beautiful trailing forms of Savin, with bluegreen, feathery foliage, forming a dense velvety carpet. Unexcelled for rock gardens, slopes or banks. 12 to 18 inches high. 3- to 4-foot spread at maturity. 18-24 in., \$6.00; 15-18 in., \$5.00; 12-15 in., \$4.00 each.



(Juniperus excelsa stricta) A shapely Evergreen that displays elegance and formality; low growing with steel-blue foliage. 24-30 in., \$5.50; 18-24 in., \$4.50 each.



Spiny Greek Juniper

EXCELSA ARBOR-VITAE (Orientalis)

The Excelsa has the same graceful columnar form as Berckmann and Bonita Arbor-Vitae but grows taller than either. The normal height is between Berckmann and American Pyramidal Arbor-vitae. The foliage is lighter green than Bonita. Very desirable with other varieties for foundation and group plantings. 30-36 in., \$6.00; 24-30 in., \$5.00 each.



Oregon Crape

Pfitzer's Chinese Juniper

Mugho Pine



PFITZER'S CHINESE JUNIPER

(J. Chinensis Pfitzeriana)

Wide, spreading, bushy habit; gray-green foliage with feathery appearance. A most adaptable and highly recommended, hardy variety. 4 to 5 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$6.50; 18-24 in., \$5.00 each.

PINE (Pinus)

Mugho Pine (P. montana mughus). The only dwarf Pine. It has rich green foliage and is especially adapted for rock gardens and foundation planting. 3 to 4 feet at maturity. 18-24 in., \$5.50; 15-18 in., \$4.75; 12-15 in., \$4.00 each.



Plant Evergreens and Flowering Shrubs Together

Combination plantings of Evergreens and Flowering Shrubs about the house and yard give very pleasing and varied seasonal effects.

Liberal portions of Evergreens retain a living green appearance throughout the winter when other plants are defoliated. Flowering Shrubs add a change of sparkle and color during the summertime.

We offer you a very complete list of hardy dependable evergreens and flowering shrubs; sure to please you.



Colorado Silver Juniper



Savin Juniper (J. sabina). Half-erect or partly spreading, with rich, unchanging dark green foliage. Useful for foreground group plantings. 3 to 4 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$6.50; 18-24 in., \$5.00.

YEW (Taxus)

The rich appearance of the Yews makes them distinct from all other types of Evergreens. The heavy, short, flat needles maintain a rich dark green, almost black color throughout the year. They thrive in any location, shade or sun, moist or dry, extreme heat or cold. May be sheared to any desired shape.

Hicks' Yew (T. media Hicksi). Distinctly true columnar form with branches entirely erect in habit. Foliage exceptionally dark green. A splendid formal plant. 8 to 10 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$7.00; 18-24 in., \$6.00; 15-18 in., \$5.00 each.

Upright Yew (T. cuspidata capitata). This variety has an upright or pyramidal form with slightly open growth, with the typical dark green foliage of the Yews. 8 to 10 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$7.00; 18-24 in., \$6.00; 15-18 in., \$5.00 each.

Spreading Yew (T. cuspidata). Gracefully spreading, bushy growth, dark green foliage, often having brilliant crimson berries. 6 to 8 feet at maturity. 24-30 in., \$7.00; 18-24 in., \$6.00; 15-18 in., \$5.00 each.

JUNIPER (Juniperus)

Colorado Silver Juniper (J. scopulorum). A refined variety with compact, columnar to conical, upright growth, retaining its attractive light blue-green during hot summer and is extremely hardy. 15 to 20 feet at maturity. 5-6 ft., \$8.50; 4-5 ft., \$7.50 each.

Columnar Masculine Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis columnaris mascula). A variety forming a narrow column, with attractive bluish gray-green foliage. One of the best pyramidal form Junipers. 12 to 15 feet at maturity. 5-6 ft., \$8.50; 4-5 ft., \$7.50 each.

Columnar Blue Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis columnaris glauca). Similar form and foliage to the above except has very attractive steel-blue color. 12 to 15 feet. 5-6 ft., \$8.50; 4-5 ft., \$7.50 each.





Peony, Mons. Jules Elie

RED

Karl Rosenfield. 8.8. Red. A brilliant and striking variety; blooms early midseason. Flowers very large, semi-rose type; slightly fragrant. Desirable cut flower. \$1.25 each.

EARLY BLOOMING

This type of Peony is often known as the d-time "Piney" and is the earliest to bloom old-time in the spring.

Officinalis Rubra. The early red flowering type. \$1.25 each.

SINGLE PEONY

Mikado. 8.6. Cupped petals are deep rich crimson, center a glow of golden staminodes. A long keeping cut flower. A very rare variety. \$1.75 each.

PRIVET (Ligustrum)

English Hardy Privet (L. vulgare). It has dark green foliage and when sheared grows into a very dense hedge. For a good thick hedge, plant 2 rows 12 inches apart and 12 inches apart in each row in a staggered manner. 10 to 50 plants, 35c each; 50 to 100 plants, 30c each; 100 or more, 25c each.

English Hardy Privet



Gorgeous Peonies

The Peony is one of the most popular and satisfying flowering plants. Their gorgeous and colorful blossoms appear early in the spring at Memorial Day time, and the month of June. We have selected the very best with exceptionally high ratings. A score of 10 points is a perfect rating.

All Peonies we offer are strong, 3- to 5-eye divisions, considered the best size for planting. You may order any one or more varieties you wish at single price rates, or take advantage of our liberal Special Offer shown below. Write "Blue Ribbon Collection" on your order and remit \$6.50.

Duchesse de Nemours, 8.1. One of the very best white Peonies we have. White tinged with sulphur, making it a clean fresh flower. \$1.00 each.

FLESH-PINK

Walter Faxon, 9.3. One of the most vivid of all flesh-pink Peonies. Flowers medium size, attractive form. Unique for show purposes or home decoration. \$1.50 each.

DEEP PINK

Mons. Jules Elie. 9.2. Deep pink with silvery reflex. One of the finest. \$1.25 each.



Red-Leaf Barberry

Hedges

On each of this "Blue Ribbon"

garden collection, Only \$6.50
Duchesse de Nemours\$1.00

Regular price\$8.00 Special Offer 6.50

Walter Faxon
Mons. Jules Elie
Karl Rosenfield

Officinalis Rubra .

BARBERRY (Berberis)

Green-Leaf Barberry (B. Thunbergi). Bright green foliage in summer turning to brilliant autumn colors and shades in fall, and a handsome covering of scarlet berries that last into winter. Hardy, and thrives in shade or sunlight. 3 to 5 feet at maturity. \$1.25 each; 10 or more, \$1.00 each.

Red-Leaf Barberry (B. Thunbergi atropurpurea). This is the same as Green-Leaf Barberry, except the foliage is a rich bronze-red throughout the season. The color is more brilliant in full sunlight. \$1.35 each; 10 or more, \$1.15 each.

Both Green-Leaf and Red-Leaf Barberries are very desirable and are extensively used with other shrubs for foundation or group plantings. For a good hedge, plant either variety 18 inches apart in a single row. The hedge may be left to grow naturally or sheared to any desired form

Green-Leaf Barberry





Climbing Vines

Vines always give pleasing, colorful and ornamental effects for walls, trellises or pergolas.

All of our vines offered on this page are **Strong Two-Year Specimens** and the flowering varieties will bloom the first year planted.

Jackmani Clematis

Perhaps the most familiar of all the Clematis hybrids. This old favorite is noted for its great vigor and its abundant violet-purple bloom. This type of Clematis grows 8 to 12 feet in height,

and the flowers are 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. \$1.50 each.





Jackmani, Purple Clematis \$1.50 each.

Purple Wisteria

Planting Instructions

In planting Clematis, make a cone-shaped mound of soil in the bottom of hole, spread the roots evenly around the mound, refill the hole with soil firmly pressed over the roots. The collar of the plant (the point just above the roots) should be 2 to 3 inches below the surface of the ground. Water soon as planted and frequently during dry weather.

Hall's Honeysuckle (Lonicera Halliana). A new, hardy variety and has proved to be one of the best Honeysuckles. Blooms from June to November. It is almost evergreen and one of the most fragrant. White, changing to yellow. \$1.00 each.

Heckrotti, (Summer King) Honeysuckle. Large, fragrant, flame-red trumpets lined with gold are produced in immense snowy clusters; blooming from early summer until frost. The blooms are produced the same year the plant is set out. Foliage, dark blue-green, disease and pest free. Hardy. \$1.50 each.

American Ivy or Virginia Creeper (Ampelopsis quinquefolia). A native vine of hardy, rapid growth, with large luxuriant foliage, which in autumn takes on most gorgeous coloring. \$1.00 each.

Boston Ivy (A. Veitchi). Leaves a little smaller and more ivy-like in form than the foregoing. The plant requires some protection until it is established. It will cling to any reasonably rough surface; very suitable for fireplaces. \$1.25 each.

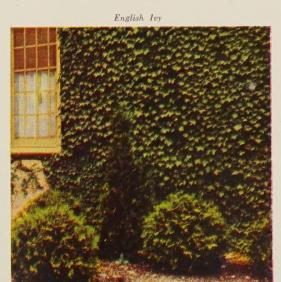
English Ivy (Hedera helix). Leaves are dark shiny green. Used for covering walls, trunks of trees, or undesirable objects; also giving a beautiful effect. \$1.25 each.

WISTERIA

Purple Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis). Most beautiful climber; of rapid growth, producing large clusters of lovely blue in great masses. Ours are propagated from blooming wood which assures their blooming. \$1.75 each.







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All-America Floribunda Roses

VOGUE. (Pat. No. 926.) A sensational new Floribunda voted the top All-America Winner for 1952, also 5 other International Horticultural Awards, justly putting it in a class with its full sister Fashion. The Vogue's striking, individual cherry-coral color and its constant and abundant blooming qualities appeal to every Rose lover. \$2.25 each.





FASHION. (Pat. No. 789.) A new All-America Winner with the definite popularity among the Floribundas as the Peace Rose is in the Hybrid Tea class. The delicate miniature Hybrid Tea-like blooms are coral-pink blended with old gold shadings. The vigorous bushes are constant mass of flowers throughout the season. \$2.00 each.

More Choice "Floribundas"

Floradora. Cinnamon-red; beautifully formed buds; open flowers like little Camellias. \$1.25 each. Also see our Free Rose Offer on pages 16 and 17 for this grand All-America Rose.

Orange Triumph. See description and price on page 18.

Red Ripples. Intense, vivid red; perfectly formed buds and open blooms. \$1.25 each; 3 or more, \$1.15 each.

Rose Elfe. Delightfully formed Hybrid Tea-like, deep rose-pink buds; open blooms resemble miniature Gardenias. \$1.25 each; 3 or more, \$1.15 each.

See suggested uses on page 18, for "Floribunda" ROSES.



MILTON NURSERY CO.
MILTON-FREEWATER, OREGON

